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Clifton Parish Council

Asset Register and Disposal Policy

Adopted at the Full Council meeting on 10th July 2025

Introduction

Local Councils must maintain an asset register to ensure fixed assets are appropriately safeguarded. This includes items of a capital nature where values tend to be high and which have a useful life of more than one year used by the Council to deliver its services (Governance and Accountability for Local Councils: A Practitioners Guide (England)). Fixed assets are also known as non-current assets. Fixed assets acquired in any year should be added to the asset register for management purposes. The Council's Financial Regulations, section 16 refers to the custody of Assets, Properties and Estates.

1. Scope of Asset Register

1.1 In order to ensure transparency and reasonableness, the following items are included in the Council's asset register, whether purchased, gifted or otherwise acquired, together with their holding location:

- Land and buildings held freehold or on long term lease in the name of the Council.
- Community assets.
- Vehicles, plant and machinery.
- Assets considered to be portable, attractive or of community significance.
- Other assets estimated or known to have a minimum purchase or resale value of £100.00
- Long term investments, shares and loans made by the Council.

1.2 The values indicated in the asset register will inform the 'total fixed assets' section of the Annual Return.

1.3 The following items fall outside the definition for inclusion and are therefore excluded from the Council's asset register:

- Land and buildings held on short term lease or rented.
- Land and buildings maintained or serviced but not owned by the Council.
- Assets rented by or loaned to the Council.
- Stock items intended for resale.
- Stationery and other consumable items.
- Floor or land surfaces and drainage.
- Plants and trees.
- Assets with a purchase or resale value of less than £100 (other than items as for inclusion in the asset register).
- Repairs.
- Cash, short term investments and other current assets.
- Intangible assets (e.g. trademarks, internet domain names, contingent assets, broadcast rights).
- Negative assets (e.g. provisions, borrowings, creditors and contingent liabilities). A separate section of the asset register will contain a schedule of disposals. All asset disposals must comply with the Asset Disposal Procedure referenced within this policy.

2. Valuation of Assets

2.1 Once recorded on the asset register, the value of assets must not change from year to year until disposal. Concepts of depreciation and impairment adjustments are not appropriate for local councils (Governance and Accountability for Local Councils: A Practitioners Guide (England)).

2.2 Assets must be valued by one of the following means based on available information:

- Ideally, apply the purchase price (net of VAT if VAT has been reclaimed).
- Otherwise, apply the purchase price (gross of VAT if VAT has not been reclaimed or where the VAT status of the purchase is unclear).

2.3 Where it is not possible to trace the purchase price of the asset the insurance valuation should be applied. As a last resort, a nominal value of £1 may be applied. This should also be used for assets gifted to the Council. Where the Council receives an asset as a gift at zero cost, for example by community asset transfer, it should be included with a nominal one pound (£1) value as proxy for the zero cost.

2.4 There is no guidance where land or buildings have been subject to substantial renovation and improvement to such an extent that the new market value bears no relation to the original purchase cost. In order to avoid renovation and improvement work being separately recorded on the asset register and in these exceptional circumstances only, a market value supplied by a qualified surveyor may be entered.

3. Procedure for Updating the Asset Register

3.1 The start point is the asset register that has been agreed for the end of the previous financial year. The financial ledger should be reviewed for all purchases made during the year. Any new assets which fall in the categories stated in **1.1** should be added to the asset register, with their values recorded at the purchase price (net of VAT if VAT is being reclaimed) or at £1 if gifted to the Council.

3.2 The financial ledger should also be reviewed for any asset sales made during the year. Discussion should be held by Full Council to identify any assets that have been lost, disposed of or gifted by the Council. Any assets which fall in **3.3** should be removed from the asset register and recorded in the schedule of disposals. The asset register should record any assets loaned by the Council, including the person or organisation borrowing the asset, its location and the date when the loan period ends.

3.3 It is the council's responsibility to ensure that a stock take of asset register items should occur to ensure that all asset register items can be physically verified. Any assets which cannot be located should be removed from the asset register and recorded in the schedule of disposals. The disposal procedure must be carried out in accordance with the procedure stipulated in **section 5**.

3.4 The asset register, schedule of disposals and this policy shall be reviewed annually and approved by the Council.

4. The Asset Register and Insurance

4.1 For insurance purposes, the asset register shall include a column to record the replacement value of each asset.

4.2 The Asset Register will be used to inform the insurers of Council assets. For the purposes of insurance, the value to be used is the replacement value of items and not the purchase price as per the Asset Register. The Council should ensure land and buildings are valued accurately for insurance purposes. Buildings should therefore be valued every five years to ensure the appropriate insurance is held.

5. Asset Disposal Procedure

5.1 Asset disposals must be referred to the Finance Committee for consideration and then recommendation to the Full Parish Council, with a note made in the minutes.

5.2 All proceeds from such disposal are the property of the Parish Council and must be accounted for and reported to the Full Parish Council. Asset disposal decisions, and the reasons for taking them, should be documented. Not only does this assist in audit process and other examinations, it also highlights successes and problems for future reference.

5.3 Value for Money – The best value outcome to the Council must be a major consideration when disposing of assets. Goods should only be disposed of after checks have been made to ensure that the item could not be utilised by other areas of the Council. Disposal should be based on a fair market value for each item. The price established should be based on:

- Current market value.
- Condition of the item.
- Age of the item.
- An assessment of the usefulness of the item. External evaluation services should be used in the case of IT equipment. All data storage devices must be reformatted prior to disposal to delete any data they may contain.

5.4 Reasons for disposal – Items can be available for disposal because they are:

- Required to be disposed of under a particular policy e.g. Motor Vehicles.
- No longer required due to changed procedures, functions or usage patterns.
- Occupying storage space and not being needed in the foreseeable future.
- No longer complying with health and safety standards.
- Beyond repair but able to be sold for scrap.

A list of suggested assets for disposal should be presented to the Finance Committee by the Parish Clerk. There should be a written reason for disposal. Items suggested for disposal by the Clerk should be approved by the respective Committees prior to being presented to the Finance Committee and recommended to the Full Parish Council. Special consideration should be given to potentially hazardous or pollutant items which are likely to have an impact on the environment.

5.5 Options for the Disposal of Assets – Assets identified for disposal may be dispensed with using the procedure listed below:

- Sale by public tender.
- Donated to a community service or organisation.
- Scrap.

Choice of the most appropriate disposal option will normally be influenced by the nature of the goods for disposal and market value. In all cases, assets disposed of should be removed from the Council's asset register and recorded in the disposal register.

5.6 Sale by tender – External tenders should be advertised using the appropriate channels and sealed bids sought. Assets should be sold as seen and no warranty should be given or implied. In both cases, at least two officers should be appointed to witness the opening, scrutiny and acceptance of the offers made. In all cases, the payment should be received in full prior to the equipment being released.

5.7 Sale to Staff – Items cannot be purchased by staff for the purpose of managing conflict of interests and fair offering.

5.8 Donations – Where the Council has determined that goods have no residual value, and where their disposal is therefore unlikely to produce sufficient revenue, it may authorise the donation of the goods to another organisation within the parish. Donations must be recommended by the Finance Committee and approved by Full Parish Council.

5.9 Scrap – Where items have negligible value or where the cost and time involved in managing the sale process would exceed the financial benefit, the equipment may be scrapped.

5.10 Asset Disposal Forms and the Asset Register – It is important that any asset disposals are correctly handled to ensure transparency and accountability. The asset disposal form (appendix A) should be used to record the authorisation of the disposal by the appropriate staff/committee within the Council and the value or values achieved by it. The Parish Clerk/RFO is responsible for updating of the Council's asset register following the appropriately authorised Asset Disposal Request. All asset disposals will be recorded in the Asset Disposal Register for audit purposes.

Policy Details.

Date of Adoption: 10th July 2025 (minute ref: 07/2025/3478)

Review Period: Annual (to be reviewed at the Annual Meeting of the Council in May)

Version: 01

Disposal Period: 1st April 2025 to 31st March 2026.



Appendix A: Asset Disposal Form

Form to be completed by Parish Clerk and presented to the relevant Committee for recommendation to the Finance Committee and Full Parish Council in line with the Asset Register Policy and Disposals Procedure.

List of Assets to be Disposed.

Asset reference/ Serial Number	Description	Location	Purchase Date	Original Cost	Disposal Value

Reasons for Disposal.

Method of Disposal

Scrapped:		Sold:		Gifted/Donated:	
Additional Information:					

Date of Disposal:		Auth Ref/Minute Ref:	
Authorising Officer and Position held: (sign & print name)			